- New GSI Membership Packages
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# **MINISTER TO IMPLEMENT SECTION 13**

Despite Calls for Repeal & New Legislation Irish Heraldry has an Uncertain Future

As reported last month, the Minister for Arts, Sport & Tourism, Mr. John O'Donoghue, TD, told the Dáil that he intends to implement Section 13 of the National Cultural Institutions Act, 1997 and to have a new Board of the National Library of Ireland appointed for January 1st 2005.

"Section 13 Flawed & Inadequate"

The implementation of the provisions of Section 13 will, according to most observers. plunge Irish heraldry into chaos and deepen the legislative mess surrounding the State's involvement in granting of Arms to individuals and corporate bodies. This Section was drafted as an all-embracing compromise to allay fears surrounding the status of the Office of the Chief Herald and its relationship with the National Library of Ireland. However, far from solving this problem this Section actually highlighted the unsatisfactory legal position of the Office of the Chief Herald. Caught between deciding on whether "abolition" and "establishment" or vice versa was appropriate, the Minister at the time, Michael D. Higgins, TD, declared that the status of the Genealogical Office and the Chief Herald of Ireland in Section 13 of the Act was settled by the following:-

- (1) For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby declared that the Genealogical Office is a branch of the Library.
- (2) The Board shall, from time to time as occasion requires, designate a member of its staff to perform the duty of researching, granting and confirming coats of arms and such member shall use the appellation Chief Herald of Ireland or, in the Irish language, Príomh Aralt na hÉireann while performing such duties.

However, the 1997 legislation, it appears, erroneously assumes that a proper legislative footing for the granting of arms by the State existed from the time that the office was transferred to Irish control in 1943. As this

clause does not "establish" the office but simply recognises its position in the National Library what, if anything, established the office and from where are its powers, functions and rights derived? The second paragraph provides for heraldic functions to be assigned to a staff member at the National Library of Ireland. However, again there is no legislative definition of "coats of arms" or of the powers, procedures and rights governing such functions.

"Copyright Not Transferred"

The Act creates an anomaly whereby grantees don't own the copyright to their Arms and the legislation is very unclear as to what rights of ownership and use are actually transferred from the Chief Herald on behalf of the State to the grantees of arms by Letters Patent.

(3) The Board shall be entitled to any copyright subsisting in coats of arms granted or confirmed under this section.

This paragraph certainly throws up some interesting questions on the protection afforded grantees against others using their Arms without their consent. Would the State uphold and vindicate their rights by taking action on behalf of the grantees to protect the State's ownership of the copyright? Is the State ready to compensate grantees suffering any damage to their reputation or to their businesses flowing from the inadequacy of the legislative basis for the granting of arms by the State?

"New Legislation Required"

The failure by Minister O'Donoghue to fully appreciate the scope of the problem is quite evident in his recent statements to Dáil Éireann. Indeed, as a lawyer, the Minister's intention of implementing this flawed piece of legislation, despite calls from this Society and others to repeal Section 13, is quite astounding as is his claim to be unaware of any problems surrounding Section 13. This legislative mess in to which Irish heraldry has tumbled was not

unforeseen in 1943 or during the debate on the 1997 legislation. This Society and others have constantly campaigned for a legislative remedy to this problem. In the lead article of the October 2000 issue of this newsletter, this Society called for the introduction of a comprehensive "Irish Genealogy & Heraldry Bill" to provide amongst other things, a sound legislative basis for the granting of Arms. As a corporate grantee of Arms, this Society has continuously sought the formal inclusion of the State's heraldic functions in statute law. In this newsletter in April and October 2002, October 2003 and June 2004 the Society published a list of areas for inclusion in an "Irish Genealogy & Heraldry Bill" and now it appears that the General's advice makes the introduction of such legislation an imperative for the continuance of the State's heraldic

"Retrospective Confirmation of Grants"

The Minister must act now to protect the rights of grantees by introducing new legislation to include a retrospective legislative confirmation of the Letters Patent issued since 1943 as failure to do so will deliver three different classes of grantees, those who received Grants of Arms between 1943 and 1997, those who received their grants since the enactment of the 1997 legislation and finally, those who will receive grants following the implementation of Section 13. It is clear that the implementation of Section 13 will leave earlier grants in a legal limbo as only grants made after implementation will have the protection of the 1997 legislation. Therefore, in any new legislation a schedule must be included of the names of all corporate, institutional and individual grantees that received grants of Arms from the Chief Herald since 1943. These grants should be afforded protection and legal recognition by any new legislation. A mere statement of retrospection would be totally inadequate and ambiguous. The main points for inclusion in such a Bill are as follows:-

GSI WEBSITE: www.familyhistory.ie

- Clear definition of genealogy and genealogical records / material / heritage
- Clear definition of heraldry and the nature of armorial bearings
- Designation of place of deposit for genealogical and heraldic records
- Establishment of the Office of Chief Genealogical Officer, based at the National Library of Ireland, to oversee the formulation, planning and execution of policy in respect of genealogy and associated records, especially, the public accessibility to such
- Establishment of a supervisory / advisory role for the Chief Genealogical Officer in respect of government departments, local government or State agencies holding such records
- Establishment of a National Inventory of Genealogical Records held by the State or by private institutions and the publication of such
- Establishment of a mechanism to underpin best practice in the storage and public accessibility to genealogical records in liaison with the Heritage Council
- Establishment of the "Principle of Public Ownership & Right of Access" to our genealogical heritage for persons in Ireland and the Irish Diaspora
- Recognition of the importance of records of Baptisms, Marriages and Burials held and maintained by ecclesiastic institutions in Ireland as part of the Nation's genealogical heritage
- Establishment of a Standing Advisory Committee on Genealogy to assist and advise the Chief Genealogical Officer with members from the commercial and voluntary genealogical organisations in the State.
- Establishment of a State acquisitions policy in respect of genealogical records in private hands whether at risk or not
- Prevention of the export of original material whether in State or private ownership
- Application of functions to the Office of the Chief Genealogical Officer in respect to the provision of educational and promotional material / programmes for genealogy
- Legislative establishment of the prerogative rights of the Office of the Chief Herald of Ireland
- Legislative protection for armorial bearings in the Republic
- Legislative regulation in the application for and granting of Arms and Letters Patent
- Legislative framework for fees charged by the Chief Herald of Ireland
- Protection of copyright in respect of armorial bearings
- Legislative regulation and requirements in respect of heraldic records

- Protection of rights to inheritance in respect of armorial bearings in the Republic
- Definition of types of grantee, i.e. corporation, individual, local authority etc
- Assure access to Arms for a greater number of our citizens by providing for the introduction of a "Certificate of a Grant of Arms" describing the details of the Arms granted, this would be a less expensive alternative to the existing Letters Patent presented on beautifully hand painted vellum.
- Rights of grantees to the free use of armorial bearings and protection of such
- Protection and defined use of the Arms of Ireland
- Establishment of a Standing Advisory Committee on Heraldry and Vexillology to assist and advise the Chief Herald of Ireland on such matters
- Legislative establishment of Office of the Chief Herald as the vexillological authority for Ireland
- Clear definition of vexillology and vexillological records / material
- Establishment of a "Vexillological Register" for Ireland and a mechanism for the granting of Letters Patent in respect of flags and emblems by the Chief Herald for State, local authority or corporate bodies
- Legislative protection for flags and emblems in the Republic, especially, the National Flag and the Presidential Standard
- Legislative regulation on the maintenance by the Chief Herald of a register of Irish Hereditary Chieftains as "national treasures" and as an embodiment of our ancient genealogical heritage, including, the requirement for the strict scrutiny by independent genealogical researchers of all applications for courtesy recognition of "hereditary chieftains"
- Provision for the awarding by Government of a Special Grant of Arms to individuals in recognition for services to the State, community, business, arts, sports or education, including Letters Patent outlining the reasons for the award.

# NOVEMBER GENIE UPDATES

The following news items were submitted by local historian, James Scannell.

### M3 ROUTING

It's understood that Meath County Councillors have agreed to consult archaeologists about the treasures that may lie beneath the site of the proposed M3 motorway which will be routed near the ancient seat of the High Kings of Ireland at the Hill of Tara. Councillors have been told that surveys have indicated that 28 sites of potential archaeological importance have been identified on the section of the

proposed motorway near the Tara / Skryne valley in Co. Meath. The archeological heritage of the area is covered in detail in Peter Harbison's book "Treasures of the Boyle Valley" published by Gill and Macmillan. Officials at the Department of the Environment, Heritage and Local Government and the National Museum of Ireland are to confer and to produce a report. It is hoped to start construction of the M3 at the end of 2005. County Councillors have no statutory role as regards the route the M3 will follow which has been confirmed following an oral hearing by an Bord Pleanala two years ago . One County Councillor is of the opinion that the M3 should be built in phases commencing with the Clonee to Dunshaughlin section which would relieve traffic chaos while allowing time for further archaeological research on the Dunshaughlin to Navan section .

## SIR ERNEST SHACKLETON REMEMBERED

Between October 22nd and 25th, Athy Heritage Centre, Athy, Co. Kildare, held its 4th Autumn School in honour of Sir Ernest Shackleton who was born at Kilkea near Athy in 1847. Speakers included columnist at The Irish Times, Brendan McWilliams on Antarctic weather, Séamus McCann on Antarctic wildlife, Dr. J. McAdam on Shackleton's link with the Falklands, Dr. Aidan O'Sullivan on Inuit, Irish and Norse, Mr. Kevin Kenny on what it said in the papers and Dr. Bob Headland curator at the Scott Polar Research Institute Shackletonia. Other events including the staging of ' A Horse's Breath on a Winter's Road, the screening of 90# South, the chronicle of Captain Robert Scott's race for the South Pole and a field trip to Shackleton country led by former RTÉ producer writer John MacKenna. Athy Heritage Centre has the only permanent exhibition devoted to the explorer including an original sledge and harness from his expeditions.

THE BLACK DEATH IN IRELAND
During October two British TV channels Channel 4 and BBC 2 screened
documentaries on the Black Death which
swept across medieval Europe between 1347
and 1350, appearing in Ireland around 1348.
For those interested in seeing how this
disease affected Ireland, Maria Kelly's book'
A History of the Black Death in Ireland'
published by Tempus Publishing, deals with
the subject in detail.

OLD DUBLIN SOCIETY MEDAL

On Wednesday October 6<sup>th</sup> Liam Clare, MGSI, author of 'Victorian Bray – A Town Adapts to Changing Times' and currently' Enclosing the Commons: Dalkey, the Sugar Loaves and Bray, 1820-70', published by the Four Courts Press in their Maynooth Studies in Local History Series, was presented with the Old Dublin Society Medal for the most outstanding paper read at a meeting of the Society the previous year.

Liam's paper was 'The Kill and the Grange of Medieval Clonkeen' based on his essay of the same title published in 'Irish Villages - Studies in Local History' edited by Karina Holton, Liam Clare and Brian Ó Dálaigh, published by the Four Courts Press. Indeed, on Thursday January 6<sup>th</sup> 2005, Liam Clare will present his lecture 'The Kill and The Grange of Medieval Clonkeen' at 8.15 p.m. to the Mount Merrion Historical Society in the Mount Merrion Community Centre, North Avenue, Mount Merrion, Co. Dublin.

### GATEWAY TO THE PAST

'Gateway to the Past' edited by Chris Ryan and published by the Ballinteer Family and Local History Society, is one of those publications which never fails to surprise with reader and the September 2004 issue is another excellent volume featuring the following articles - 'My First 30 Years' by 'Pat Byrne's House at Paddy Hickey; Ballinteer Road' by Elton Griffin O.Carm; 'Behind the Peaceful Facad: 'Ballintyre Hall' - a Wedding in 1903' by Chris Ryan; 'Challenges of Researching My Irish Ancestry' by Jill Dalton, 'Foreword to Hilary Murphy's Book " Families of County Wexford", 'The Obituary' by Peter Proctor', 'RMS Lusitania - A Rather Unusual Liner -Part 2 ' by James Scannell; ' Irish Roots in Canada ' by Thomas A.P. Ryan; and 'Book Reviews '. Copies priced at €6.00 can be ordered from Chris Ryan, 29, The View, Woodpark, Ballinteer, Dundrum, Dublin 16. E-mail: ryanct@eircom.net

### **DIARY DATES**

Tuesday November 9<sup>th</sup> 2004
Evening Open Meeting. 20.00hrs
Dún Laoghaire College of Further Education,
Cumberland Street, Dún Laoghaire
Bus: 7, 7A, 46A, and 75.
DART Monkstown/Salthill Station.

Topic: "Members' Night – Queries, Quests & Research Tips Shared"

# Tuesday December 14<sup>th</sup> 2004

Venue as above
Topic: "The Sinking of the RMS Leinster"
Speaker: Philip Lecane, MGSI

Weds. Nov. 24<sup>th</sup> 2004 & Jan. 26<sup>th</sup> 2005 Morning Open Meeting 10.30hrs The Port View Hotel Marine Road, Dún Laoghaire Discussion Group on Family History

Contribution of €3.00 at each meeting Coffee/Tea served at Morning Meetings

## **USD & UKP CURRENCY RATES**

The exchange rate for persons paying by check or cash in US dollars €1.00 = US\$1.25 and similarly for those wish to pay in British pounds €1.00 = 0.70p. The Society will keep these exchange rates under constant review to ensure acceptance of payments in these currencies. These rates apply to all purchases

and membership subscriptions transacted in the currencies concerned. Alternatively why not pay by Credit Card – MasterCard or VISA via the Website?

# NEW MEMBERSHIP PACKAGES

The Board of the Society conducted a comprehensive review of the membership structure currently operated by the Society and at its November meeting adopted the following resolution. Res: 04/11/369 Proposal: That. as and from January 1st 2005, the following Membership Packages will be made available to existing individual Members and to future applicants for membership of the Genealogical Society of Ireland. For the avoidance of any doubt, equity of membership voting rights exists for all individual Members of the Genealogical Society of Ireland irrespective of the Membership Package purchased. Members may up-grade their Membership Package at any time on the payment of the difference between the costs of each. The following Membership Packages are proposed.

## a. Basic Membership (Ireland)

Offering ordinary membership of the Society, Membership Card, voting rights, use of the Society's Archive, monthly newsletter and the right to purchase the Society's publications at Members' prices. Cost €20.00 per annum.

### b. Basic Membership (Overseas)

Offering ordinary membership of the Society, Membership Card, voting rights, use of the Society's Archive, monthly newsletter by mail and the right to purchase the Society's publications at Members' prices. Cost €25.00 per annum.

### c. Premier Membership (Ireland)

Offering ordinary membership of the Society, Membership Card, voting rights, use of the Society's Archive, monthly newsletter by mail, quarterly Journal by mail, and the right to purchase the Society's publications at Special Premier Members' prices of up to 50% off selected publications. Cost €30.00 per annum.

## d. Premier Membership (Overseas)

Offering ordinary membership of the Society, Membership Card, voting rights, use of the Society's Archive, monthly newsletter by mail, quarterly Journal by mail, and the right to purchase the Society's publications at Special Premier Members' prices of up to 50% off selected publications. Cost €40.00 per annum.

### e. Household Membership (Ireland)

Offering ordinary membership of the Society for two persons residing at the same address, two Membership Cards, voting rights for each, use of the Society's Archive, one copy of the monthly newsletter by mail, one copy of quarterly Journal by mail, and the right to purchase the Society's publications at Special

Premier Members' prices of up to 50% off selected publications. Cost €40.00 per annum.

f. Household Membership (Overseas): Offering ordinary membership of the Society for two persons residing at the same address, two Membership Cards, voting rights for each, use of the Society's Archive, one copy of the monthly newsletter by mail, one copy of quarterly Journal by mail, and the right to purchase the Society's publications at Special Premier Members' prices of up to 50% off selected publications. Cost €40.00 per annum.

## Daily Archive Membership

Offering ordinary membership of the Society for one calendar day, the use of the Society's Archive for a maximum of three hours, including, the right to purchase the Society's publications at Members' prices within the period of membership. Cost €8.00 per day.

All new Membership Cards issued after January 1st 2005 will have the Membership Number followed by one of the letters A to G indicating the type of Membership Package chosen by each Member. The Board of the Society has introduced this selection of Membership Packages to provide a greater range of services to our Members at home and overseas. As there is no change to the rules governing ordinary membership of the Society, which is an integral component of each package on offer, the introduction of these Membership Packages did not require the sanction of a Special General Meeting.

# GSI MEMBERS' E-MAIL ADDRESSES

As part of the new Membership Packages on offer from the Society, the Board has decided to provide special e-mail addresses for Members. The e-mail address yourname@familiyhistory.ie is only available to Members for a nominal €10.00 per annum. This offer will be available as and from January 1st 2005. Details on how to acquire your own personal Society e-mail address will be published in the December issue of this newsletter. The Board is also considering the provision of web-pages to Members to upload their family history, photographs and articles The web-pages will have their own domain name allowing for direct access. The cost of this facility is under review and may depend on the amount of information to be uploaded

## **EUROPEAN UNION FLAG**

The flag adopted by the European Union is fifty years old this month. In September 1954 a vexillogical committee was established by the Council of Europe including three heraldic experts one from the Netherlands, Italy and the Chief Herald of Ireland, Mr. Gerard Slevin. Each was invited to submit a design for a flag for Europe and at the first meeting held in Strasbourg on November 12<sup>th</sup> 1954, the

committee chose Slevin's design featuring a clock-like circle of twelve gold stars or mullets on a blue background. The heraldic circle symbolises perfection, unity and harmony. The circle of twelve stars symbolises the passage of time, points of the clock or months of the year. The design was simple as it captured the ideal of the Council of Europe moving towards a ever closer unity amongst the nations and peoples of Europe in peace and harmony. The emblem was formally adopted by the Assembly of the Council of Europe in October 1955 and since 1985 it was the emblem of the European Parliament. Now this emblem designed by the Chief Herald of Ireland is depicted on the coins and notes used by millions of Europeans in the twelve nations using the EURO as their currency.

## **JOINING THE SOCIETY**

The Society always welcomes new Members from Ireland and overseas. If you wish to join. it's easy - just log on to the Society's Website or write to the Membership Officer, Mrs. Annette McDonnell, MGSI, 4, Kippure Ave., Green Park, Dublin 12, Ireland. You may also contact Annette by E-mail via the Hon. Secretary GenSocIreland@iol.ie Membership of the Society is open to all with an interest in genealogy or heraldry. A laminated Membership Card featuring the Society's heraldic badge "the Mungovan Badge" will be forwarded to you by mail. Overseas Members and those Irish Members living outside Co. Dublin receive the monthly newsletter "The Genie Gazette" by mail each month. The new Membership Packages will be available on the Society's Website from December 2004

## GSI QUARTERLY JOURNAL Vol. 5 No. 3 – Autumn 2004

The autumn issue of the Society's quarterly journal is now available price €5.00 (Members Price €4.50) and once again, the Editor, Margaret Conroy, MGSI, has to be congratulated on a very fine publication. The Brown Family of Dundalk - Millers, Lawvers and Olympic Champions by Caroline McCall. MGSI. Miscellaneous Press Cuttings Recorded In Dillon Family Bible by David Hope. Dean's Grange Cemetery, Blackrock, Co. Dublin - The First 100 Burials by Frieda Lewis Carroll, FGSI. The Need For Corroboration by Seán Mac Brádaigh, B.A. Attack On Martello Tower At Cork by Tony Daly, FGSI, Ireland Of The Hidden Centuries by Michael Merrigan, FGSI - first published in 1999 by Dún Laoghaire Genealogical Society. The Forde Sept by Dennis Ford. A Gem From The Past - GSI Archives Some Warrens Of Corduff by Ignatius Fennessy OFM. School Register Records For The C.B.S., Dún Laoghaire 1927 to 1931 by Margaret Conroy. Waterford Spanish Civil War International Brigadiers Remembered by James Scannell. The Editor of the Quarterly Journal is always looking for new articles to

publish. Why not drop Margaret Conroy, MGSI a line on e-mail: mmeconroy@eircom.net or write to The Journal Editor, Genealogical Society of Ireland, 3, Kill Abbey, Kill O' The Grange, Blackrock, Co. Dublin, Ireland.

# **PUBLISHING QUERIES**

Queries from Members and friends will be published in "The Genie Gazette" provided that a full postal address is provided with each query. Queries with just an E-mail address will NOT be published as it has been noted that Email addresses are changed frequently. REMEMBER, this Society does not undertake commercial research assignments whether in the Society's own Archive or in other repositories. HOWEVER, by placing a query with an offer of reciprocal research in your part of the world, publication can assist in the location of a Member or other reader willing to undertake research for you. The terms governing such reciprocal research are entirely a matter for the parties concerned and, therefore, the Society is not responsible in anyway for such arrangements.

# **BOOK REVIEWS**

"Carrickbrennan Gravevard Monkstown" published by the Dún Laoghaire Borough Historical Society. Price €6.00. This publication was compiled and presented by Joe English and it contains a history of the graveyard back through the millennia to the foundation of St. Mochonna's church on the site in the eighth century. As the resting place of not just a few personages of note, this book provides biographies of Joseph Holt (1762-1826) an leader in the great rebellion of 1798; John Lees (1737-1811) - Secretary of the Irish Post Office, Black Rod in the old Irish Parliament and later Secretary of the War Department in Ireland. The Rev. Sir Harcourt Lees (1776-1852) and his son William Nassau Lees (1825-1889) a Major-General of the Bengal Native Infantry in the British Army. Charles Halliday (1789-1866) - the man who described Kingstown (now Dún Laoghaire) as "a comparatively small town, a fashionable watering place, the summer resort of invalids seeking health, yet in the centre of this town we find upwards of one hundred courts and lanes in a most abominable state of filth and neglect, mostly unpaved without any water supply, and being without gas lamps they are enveloped in darkness and become the receptacles of filth of all kinds; inhabited by four or five thousand human beings, they are the dwelling places of about one-third of the entire population of Kingstown". He campaigned to have the authorities introduce proper sanitation to prevent cholera which was a frequent visitor to the town. Patrick Duigenan (1735-1826) the Leitrim born son of a Catholic farmer named Ó Duibhgeannáin who intended his son for priesthood. However, he became a member of the established church and climbed up the ranks of the Protestant society entering the Old

Irish Parliament and opposed all measures of Catholic Relief. Captain Patrick Dynan (1812-1874) - biography written by the late O Conor Don. Sir William Betham (1779-1853) - Ulster King of Arms and finally, Captain John McNeill-Boyd (1812-1861) and the men of the Irish Coastguard vessel "Ajax". publication also gives a full account of the restoration of this ancient site in the early 1980s by a team of volunteers and young trainees. A listing of infant burials, including date of death, ages and register number is provided. Further listings of military burials and civilian burials are also provided, however, only the year of death is given. The publication is well illustrated with photographs of the graveyard, church and locality. Copies available from Colin Scudds, Hon. Secretary, D.L.B.H, 7, Northumberland Avenue, Dún Laoghaire, Co. Dublin, Ireland.

## **OUERIES RECEIVED**

MICHAEL THOMPSON, MGSL 138-42. 76th Avenue, Apt. B, Flushing, New York 11367, New York USA. xxxmarine@hotmail.com Wrote: I am willing to do reciprocal research in the city of New York and its environs. Seeking info. on my paternal grandparents, John Joseph Thompson, born August 3rd 1888 in Esker. Co. Longford & Anna Mary or Mary Anne Murphy poss. born in Longford but I have documents indicating several birth dates (July 12<sup>th</sup> 1898, June 30<sup>th</sup> 1896 or 1898). My grandfather's parents were John Thompson and Mary Cashion and my grandmother's parents were Michael Murphy and Catherine Mulligan. Any details about my relatives would be greatly appreciated.

JOAN APPEL, MGSI, 140, Mabry Way, San Rafael, California 94903, USA. Wrote: I am researching the following: Margaret Dwyer Drugar; Rebecca Therese Dwyer born Sept. 13th 1882 arrived via Ellis Island in 1893; James Drugar; Rebecca Drugar b. 1862; Samuel Drugar; Nellie McSoren (Keyes) b. Aug. 24th 1860; James Frank Keyes b. 1842 or 1837. Catherine Kelly Loughlin b. Dec. 13th 1860; James (Jacob) Hester Loughlin b. 1848 or 1884. The Drugar connection may be Jewish or Catholic in origin we are not sure so any information will be most appreciated.

N. H. PADDY, (Mr.) 1, Glendale Crescent, Mount Hawke, Truro, Cornwall, TR4 8DP, UK. Wrote: I am researching the surname Paddy or Pady which was established in Woodstock, Oxford in 1252, however, the Cornish Paddy is first mentioned when a John Paddy married a Christen Gatche at St. Gerran's Parish Church in Cornwall on Sept. 12th 1584. It was about this time that families arrived to settle in Cornwall from Ireland and it might have been the case that John Paddy or a family by the name of Paddy made their home here in Cornwall. I am looking to trace anyone of the surname Paddy or Pady in Ireland. I am a member of the Cornwall Family History Society. Any information much appreciated.